employed in keeping the books of such taxpayer; but if no such. method of accounting has been so employed, or if the method employed does not clearly reflect the income, the computation shall be made upon such basis and in such manner as in the opinion of the Commissioner does clearly reflect the income. If the taxpayer's annual accounting period is other than a fiscal year as defined in section 200 or if the taxpayer has no annual accounting period or does not keep books, the net income shall be computed on the basis of the calendar year.

If a taxpayer changes his accounting period from fiscal year to accounting period. calendar year, from calendar year to fiscal year, or from one fiscal year to another, the net income shall, with the approval of the Commissioner, be computed on the basis of such new accounting period, subject to the provisions of section 226.

ilzonizkaje no estrujuje kom je sa probon pro stanceranje po iline već traj bejev Po – konom grije kom - **GROSS. INCOME DEFINED.** Javine iz probonice koj

SEC. 213. That for the purposes of this title (except as otherwise provided in section 233) the term "gross income"—

rovided in section 233) the term "gross income"—

(a) Includes gains, profits, and income derived from salaries, wages, aries, etc.

Federal officers, etc., or compensation for personal service (including in the case of the President of the United States, the judges of the Supreme and inferior courts of the United States, and all other officers and employees, whether elected or appointed, of the United States, Alaska, Hawaii, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, the compensation received as such), of whatever kind and in whatever form paid, or from professions, vocations, trades, businesses, com-business, etc. merce, or sales, or dealings in property, whether real or personal, growing out of the ownership or use of or interest in such property; also from interest, rent, dividends, securities, or the transaction of dends, etc. any business carried on for gain or profit, or gains or profits and income derived from any source whatever. The amount of all such year received. items shall be included in the gross income for the taxable year in which received by the taxpayer, unless, under methods of accounting permitted under subdivision (b) of section 212, any such amounts are to be properly accounted for as of a different period; but

(b) Does not include the following items, which shall be exempt

from taxation under this title:

(1) The proceeds of life insurance policies paid upon the death policies. of the insured to individual beneficiaries or to the estate of the insured:

(2) The amount received by the insured as a return of premium ance contracts. or premiums paid by him under life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts, either during the term or at the maturity of the term mentioned in the contract or upon surrender of the contract;

(3) The value of property acquired by gift, bequest, devise, or descent (but the income from such property shall be included in

gross income);

oss income);
(4) Interest upon (a) the obligations of a State, Territory, or any etc., debts.

Farm loan bonds.
Vol. 39, p. 375. political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia; or (b) securities issued under the provisions of the Federal Farm Loan Act of July 17, 1916; or (c) the obligations of the United States Finance Corporation or its possessions; or (d) bonds issued by the War Finance Corporation: Provided, That every person owning any of the obligations, securities or bonds enumerated in clauses (a), (b), (c) and (d) shall, in the return required by this title, submit a statement showing the number and amount of such obligations, securities and bonds owned by him and the income received therefrom, in such form and with such information as the Commissioner may require. In the case of obligations of the United States issued after Sep-eral securities issued tember 1, 1917, and in the case of bonds issued by the War Finance etc.

INCOME TAX.

Gross income.

Sources included. Post, p. 1077.

included.

Interest, rent, divi-

Included in taxable

Exclusions.

From life insurance

Returns from insur-

Gifts, bequests, etc.

Interest on State,

Government or War Proviso.

Returns required.

Limitation on Fed-

INCOME TAX.

Post, p. 1088.

Personal injury pay-

By States, etc., from public utilities.

Under prior contract for operation, etc.

No personal exemp-33.3.40

what sit

Persons in war serv-

Limit.

Nonresident aliens. Only from United States sources.

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500 June 1 19 (20 6) Deductions allowed

Objects specified.

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Business expenses: th semmy ni or War Lister C. Epopulied emis.

Profession Polytopersonalisely

Interest on debts. Exception. Corporation, the interest shall be exempt only if and to the extent provided in the respective Acts authorizing the issue thereof as amended and supplemented, and shall be excluded from gross income only if and to the extent it is wholly exempt from taxation to the taxpayer both under this title and under Title III;

Foreign governments (5) The income of foreign governments received from invest-from American securi- ments in the United States in stocks, bonds, or other domestic securities, owned by such foreign governments, or from interest on deposits in banks in the United States of moneys belonging to such foreign governments, or from any other source within the United States:

(6) Amounts received, through accident or health insurance or under workmen's compensation acts, as compensation for personal injuries or sickness, plus the amount of any damages received whether by suit or agreement on account of such injuries or sickness;

(7) Income derived from any public utility or the exercise of any essential governmental function and accruing to any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or any political subdivision of a State or Territory, or income accruing to the government of any possession of the United States, or any political subdivision Whenever any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or any political subdivision of a State or Territory, prior to September 8,

1916, entered in good faith into a contract with any person, the object and purpose of which is to acquire, construct, operate, or maintain a

public utility, no tax shall be levied under the provisions of this title upon the income derived from the operation of such public utility, so far as the payment thereof will impose a loss or burden upon such State, Territory, District of Columbia, or political subdivision; but this provision is not intended to confer upon such person any financial gain or exemption or to relieve such person from the payment of a tax as provided for in this title upon the part or portion of such

income to which such person is entitled under such contract; (8) So much of the amount received during the present war by a person in the military or naval forces of the United States as salary or compensation in any form from the United States for active services

in such forces, as does not exceed \$3,500.

(c) In the case of nonresident alien individuals, gross income includes only the gross income from sources within the United States, including interest on bonds, notes, or other interest-bearing obligations of residents, corporate or otherwise, dividends from resident corporations, and including all amounts received (although paid under a contract for the sale of goods or otherwise) representing profits on the manufacture and disposition of goods within the United States.

DEDUCTIONS ALLOWED. A POLAT SHIT TO

SEC. 214. (a) That in computing net income there shall be allowed as deductions:

(1) All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on any trade or business, including a reasonable allowance for salaries or other compensation for personal services actually rendered, and including rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession, for purposes of the trade or business, of property to which the taxpayer has not taken or is not taking title or in which he has

(2) All interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on indebtedness, except on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations or securities (other than obligations of the United States issued after September 24, 1917), the interest upon which is

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